

Year 2 - Living Things and their Habitats (Biology) Working Scientifically Focus: Analysis



Prior learning

Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. (Y1 - Plants) Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees. (Y1 - Plants)

Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores. (Y1 - Animals including humans)

Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, birds and mammals, including pets) (Year 1 Animals including humans)

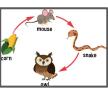
Observe changes across the four seasons (Y1 - Seasonal changes)

In this topic, we are learning to

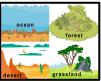
Explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive. Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other.

Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats.

Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.



Food chain



Habitat



Food sources

7	Scientific Vocabulary	
	Life processes	These are the things that all living things do. They move, breathe, sense, grow, make babies, get rid of waste and get their energy from food.
	Living	Things that are living have all the life processes .
	Dead	Things that are dead were once living . They did have all the life processes but don't now.
	Never living	Things have have never had the life processes were never living .
	Food chain	A food chain shows how each animal gets its food. Food chains are one of the ways that living things depend on each other to stay alive.
	Food sources	This is the place a living things food comes from.
	Habitat	A habitat is the natural place something lives and provides the things they need to survive.
	Depend	Many living things in a habitat depend on each other for different things.
	Survive	This means to stay alive.

Questions you will know the answers to...

What is the difference between living, dead and never living? What are the 7 processes to determine if something is living?

How do different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants?

What is a habitat? How do animals adapt to their habitats?

What is a microhabitat? How do animals get their food from plants and other animals?



<u>ANALYSIS</u>

- Use observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.
- Use experiences of the world around them to suggest appropriate answers to questions.
- With support relate these to their evidence e.g. observations they have made; measurements they have taken or information they have gained from secondary sources.